ORDINANCE NO. 355

CITY OF CRAIG

REPEALING SECTION 1.16 OF THE CRAIG MUNICIPAL CODE AND ENACTING A NEW SECTION 1.16.010 AND 1.16.020, ADDING CIVIL PENALTIES AND ALTERING CRIMINAL PENALTIES

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CRAIG, ALASKA:

- Section 1. <u>Classification</u>. This ordinance is of a general and permanent nature and the code sections adopted hereby shall become a part of the code of the City of Craig, Alaska.
- Section 2. <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this ordinance and the application to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
- Section 3. <u>Effective Date</u>. This ordinance shall be effective immediately upon adoption.
- Section 4. <u>Action</u>. This ordinance repeals section 16.01.010 of the Craig Municipal Code and replaces it with two sections, 16.01.010 and 16.01.020, as found in Attachment A of this ordinance.

PASSED AND APPROVED ON	3 - 4	, 1993
MAYOR DENNIS WATSON	ATTEST HELEN GRAY,	CITY CLERK

ATTACHMENT A

Chapter 1.16

General Penalty*

Sections:

1.16.010 Civil Penalties and Remedies
1.16.020 Criminal Penalties and Remedies

1.16.010 Civil Penalties and Remedies A. Upon violation of the provisions of any ordinance of the City of Craig, the City may institute or cause to be instituted any appropriate civil action to prevent, enjoin, abate, estop, remove or punish such violation and to obtain monetary damages suffered by such party.

B. In addition to injunctive and compensatory relief, each violation shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 and attorney's fees as provided by law.

- C. Each day a violation continues following issuance of a notice requiring its cessation shall constitute an additional violation for purposes of assessing civil penalties.
- D. An action to enjoin a violation of any city ordinance may be brought notwithstanding the availability of any other remedy. Upon application for injunctive relief and the finding of an existing or threatened violation, the Court shall grant injunctive relief to restrain the violation.
- 1.16.020 Criminal Penalties and Remedies A. Unless otherwise specifically provided, any person violating any provisions or failing to comply with any of the mandatory requirements of any ordinance of the city is guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor under the ordinances of the city shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed three hundred dollars.
- B. Each violation of an ordinance occurring on a separate day and each failure to comply with the mandatory requirements of an ordinance on separate days constitutes a separate offense and the person found guilty of such repeated offenses shall be punished accordingly.
- C. In those stated instances where an ordinance calls for an offense to be handled as an infraction or a violation, the person accused of violating the provisions of the applicable ordinance shall be dealt with in accordance with Alaska State Statutes pertaining to infractions or violations.

For statutory provisions authorizing cities to enforce ordinances and prescribe penalties for violations, see AS 29.25.070.